

Texas Geographic Resource Guide – Region 5

For research and preservation of African American History in Texas

For selected cities:

Fort Worth, Waco, Temple

Fort Worth Public Library

<http://www.fortworthlibrary.org/>

Local history photographs

<http://www.fortworthgov.org/library/lhphoto.htm>

Mount Gilead Baptist Church (1912 - 2003)

Found in 1875, Mount Gilead is the oldest African-American Baptist church in Fort Worth. The congregation met in at least two previously locations before constructing this building at 600 Grove Street. Designed by William A. Rayfield, a black architect, the structure is in a Neoclassical style. Its outstanding features are the front portico with six non-fluted columns, pedimented gables, and simple exterior moldings, all characteristic of Greek Revival architecture, but other features such as the semi-circular arched windows suggest Romanesque influence. Mount Gilead has been called the "Mother" of all African-American churches in Tarrant County.

<http://www.fortworthgov.org/library/archive.htm>

Fort Worth Public Library -- Archival Collections

Tarrant County Black Historical and Genealogical Society Collection

Amon Carter Museum, Fort Worth

<http://www.cartermuseum.org/>

The Amon Carter Museum opened in January 1961 to house the collection of western art amassed by Fort Worth publisher and philanthropist Amon G. Carter, Sr. (1879–1955).

Expanding on Carter's original collection of 400 paintings, drawings, and works of sculpture by Frederic Remington and Charles M. Russell—the single most important collection of works by these artists—the museum now encompasses a wide range of nineteenth- and twentieth-century American paintings, drawings, prints, and sculpture, as well as photographs from the early days of the medium to the present.

Cultural District Library Consortium: The library collection is searchable via the database of the CDLC, which also includes holdings from the Kimbell Art Museum library and the Modern Art Museum of Fort Worth library.

http://libnt4.lib.tcu.edu/web2/tramp2.exe/log_in?SETTING_KEY=CDLCtest&servers=1cdlc&guest=guest&screen=home.html

under keyword, subject: "african AND texas" - 43

Harold B. Simpson History Center

Hill College, 112 Lamar Drive, Hillsboro, Texas 76645, (254) 582-2555 Ext.256

<http://www.hillcollege.edu/museum/museum.html>

The Confederate Research Center was founded in 1963, by Col. Harold B. Simpson. Today the Harold B. Simpson History Center is comprised of three separate divisions: the Texas Heritage Museum, the Research Center (dealing with researching the War Between the States), and the Hill College Press.

The Hill College History Center is used by students of Hill College for research and writing in conjunction with their courses in English, History, and Political Science. It is used by students of other colleges and universities for writing book reports, term papers, theses, and dissertations.

The History Center is visited by researchers from all states and many countries. The History Center also features original art, art prints, and sculptures depicting the War Between the States.

Tarrant County Black Historical and Genealogical Society

1020 E. Humbolt, Fort Worth 76104, (817) 332-6049

National Cowboys of Color Museum and Hall of Fame

at Renaissance Cultural Center

3400 Mount Vernon Ave ., Fort Worth 76103, (817) 922-9999

<http://www.cowboysofcolor.org/>

Through artwork, historical records, and current events, this collection offers true perspective on the people and activities that built that unique culture, The American West. Original societies were diverse as is the West of today, a variety of highly complex indigenous populations. Then, from the very first exploration recorded by "Europeans," people from Africa, Asia, and the Americas contributed mightily to the process of history. The work of artists who documented the people and events of the time, journals, photographs, and other historical items are part of this new collection of long overlooked materials that tell, perhaps for the first time, the complete story.

Biographical Notes Concerning **Hood County** Communities, Families & Noteworthy Citizens (searchable)

<http://www.granburydepot.org/home/HCGShomePage.htm>

Article: "Racial harmony prevalent in **Hood County** history"

Pelham History Museum

http://www.rootsweb.com/~txnavarr/towns/pelham/pelham_museum.htm

Museum documenting the history of Pelham, a Navarro County African-American community founded in the 1800s. Has artifacts, photographs, and other items from the past to educate future generations.

Prince Hall Grand Lodge of Texas

<http://www.mwphglotx.org/index2.htm>

P.O. Box 1478, Fort Worth 76101, (817) 534-4612

Web site includes "The Prince Hall Story" on the history of African-American Masonic societies.

The Prince Hall Grand Lodge of Texas Museum and Archival Library will be located on the unfinished section of the second floor in the Grand Temple, Fort Worth, and will serve as an archival library and museum depicting the rich cultural legacy of Prince Hall Masonry in Texas and Jurisdictions.

The Union Depot Museum

14 Depot St.

Elgin

Hours Open: Tues. - Sun. 2 - 5 p.m.

Telephone # 512/285-2000

This museum has an extensive photography collection and helps with genealogy. They did an excellent exhibit on the African American community last year. They presented a documentary that featured the Washington on the Brazos area.

Railroad and Heritage Museum

315 W. Ave B, Temple 76501

<http://www.rrhm.org/>

Photographs of railroad depots, rolling stock, rail lines, and local sites and people from the 1880's. General Collection: Papers, documents and photos relating to a wide variety of subjects relating both to railroad and local history. More than 100,000 artifacts exhibiting the history of railroading and westward expansion of pioneers in Texas. The exhibits include everything from a rail handcar to lanterns to blacksmithing tools to period clothing.

Limestone County Historical Museum

210 W Navasota St, Groesbeck 76642-1712

Houses pioneer history; many antiques, photos, and documents from pioneer families of Limestone County; and recreated scenes of pioneer life. Located in downtown Groesbeck near the county's "Million Dollar" Courthouse.

Baylor University Libraries

<http://bearcat.baylor.edu/>

keywords:

african american texas – 300
african american history texas – 133
black history texas – 138
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afro american history texas -- 7
civil rights african american texas – 14
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Baylor -- The Texas Collection

http://www3.baylor.edu/Library/Texas/research/research_strengths_archives.htm

African American history and culture in Texas

Jules Bledsoe

Irene Cobb

George S. & Jeffie Conner

Oscar & Mary “Kitty” DuConge

Farmers Improvement Society

Emma Louise Harrison

[Waco] New Hope Baptist Church

Gov. Bill and Vara Daniel Historic Village

Baylor University

Mayborn Museum Complex, 1300 S. University Parks Drive, Waco 76706, (254) 710-1110

<http://www.baylor.edu/mayborn/index.php?id=15537>

The 15 wood frame buildings that make up the 13 acre Gov. Bill & Vara Daniel Historic Village will become an outdoor exhibit that follows the *Crossroads of Texas* theme giving visitors an accurate view of life in Texas from the latter part of the 19th Century into the early 20th Century.

Baylor University Institute of Oral History

http://www.baylor.edu/oral_history/

Topics: Select a Key Phrase

AFRICAN AMERICANS – 42

BLACKS

CIVIL RIGHTS

RACE RELATIONS

Abercrombie, Roscoe A.

Project: Religion and Culture Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Daniel B. McGee and L. Katherine Cook 3 times on 1 September 1982 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1998. 3 hours; videotaped; 61 pages.

Interview Summary: Roscoe A. Abercrombie was pastor of Marlboro Heights Missionary Baptist Church in Killeen, Texas; early life in farming family in McLennan County; educational experiences in McGregor and Moody, Texas; effects of the Great Depression upon the family; family involvement in Pleasant Hill Baptist Church; recollection of neighboring families in McGregor/Moody area; race relations in Moody and McGregor; military service in World War II; work in Waco's Veterans Administration Hospital; involvement in Waco's Second Baptist Church; wife and children; call to ministry and pastoral education at Paul Quinn College; ministry at New Zion Baptist Church; call to begin mission church in Killeen, Texas, and growth of mission into Marlboro Baptist Church; service in district and state levels of National Baptist Convention; mission trips abroad; founder of NAACP chapter in Killeen; son Walter's athletic talent and decision to attend Baylor; perception among African Americans in Waco of antiblack attitudes on Baylor University campus; church organization and building programs at Marlboro Heights church.

Adams, Deola Mayberry

Project: Family Life and Community History Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Rebecca Sharpless on 4 August 1987 in Gatesville, Texas. Deposited 2000. 1:40 hours. 42 pages. Family Life and Community History Project.

Interview Summary: Deola Mayberry Adams grew up in and was a descendent of the founders of the African-American community of Lincolnville, located near Gatesville, Texas; parents; Bethlehem Baptist Church (BBC); siblings; grandmother's house; kitchens; food preparation; cooking techniques; farm chores; hog butchering; clothing; quilting; education; religious heritage; church programs; importance of family; split in BBC; marriage to Lee Adams; work ethic.

Alexander, Larry J.

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: A series of interviews conducted by Jay M. Butler from July 26 to August 28 1990 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1994. Interviewed on 30 July 1990. 45 minutes; 25 pages.

Interview Summary: In late June 1990, the board of trustees of Paul Quinn College (PQC): founded in 1872 in Austin, Texas, and located since 1881 in Waco, Texas: announced a unanimous decision to relocate the college to the former Bishop College campus in Dallas, Texas. In October 1990, PQC opened in Dallas with a full slate of classes. Jay M. Butler conducted fifteen interviews with PQC administrators, faculty, and students during the brief interval between the official announcement of the move and the move itself. Thirteen of these interviews comprise the oral memoirs, which focus on the significance of the move of the college from Waco to Dallas and related topics. Larry J. Alexander was a business instructor at PQC, Waco; family and educational background; employment history; personal feelings about PQC's move to Dallas; student survey prior to move; clerical training program for unemployed single mothers; typical teaching day; open-door enrollment policy; Waco's and Baylor's support of PQC; college consortium teachers' workshops; recruiting; Comer Cottrell's contribution to move; plans for the Waco campus; PQC sports and academic competition; effects on Waco of

move; white students at PQC; relationship between educational problems of African-American students and single motherhood; achievements of PQC graduates; role of Greek organizations.

Allen, Van

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: A series of interviews conducted by Jay M. Butler from July 26 to August 28 1990 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1994. Interviewed on 1 August 1990. 1:20 hours; 31 pages.

Interview Summary: In late June 1990, the board of trustees of Paul Quinn College (PQC): founded in 1872 in Austin, Texas, and located since 1881 in Waco, Texas: announced a unanimous decision to relocate the college to the former Bishop College campus in Dallas, Texas. In October 1990, PQC opened in Dallas with a full slate of classes. Jay M. Butler conducted fifteen interviews with PQC administrators, faculty, and students during the brief interval between the official announcement of the move and the move itself. Thirteen of these interviews comprise the oral memoirs, which focus on the significance of the move of the college from Waco to Dallas and related topics. Van Allen was vice president of PQC and chief executive officer of PQC's Waco campus; biographical information; education; typical day at PQC; open-door enrollment policy; employment history; problems at Southern Regional Education agency; Technical Assistance Program for black colleges; solving accreditation problems; improving student performance; changes in familial attitudes toward education; educational philosophy; student and local citizen feelings about move; physical plant; developing graduate programs; instructors' views on move; problems of attracting faculty and funds to Waco; donations to PQC in Dallas; role of Comer Cottrell; significance of move in history of black higher education; failure of Waco leaders to support PQC; contributions of PQC and African-American citizens to Waco; probable effects on Waco.

Ashford, Norman G.

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: A series of interviews conducted by Jay M. Butler from July 26 to August 28 1990 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1994. Interviewed on 26 July 1990. 40 minutes; 21 pages.

Interview Summary: In late June 1990, the board of trustees of Paul Quinn College (PQC): founded in 1872 in Austin, Texas, and located since 1881 in Waco, Texas: announced a unanimous decision to relocate the college to the former Bishop College campus in Dallas, Texas. In October 1990, PQC opened in Dallas with a full slate of classes. Jay M. Butler conducted fifteen interviews with PQC administrators, faculty, and students during the brief interval between the official announcement of the move and the move itself. Thirteen of these interviews comprise the oral memoirs, which focus on the significance of the move of the college from Waco to Dallas and related topics. Norman G. Ashford was a biology professor at PQC; biographical information; education; student feelings about move; science facilities at Dallas campus; Waco's support of PQC; accreditation process in 1970s; African students at PQC in 1970s; problems for public education; students in the 1990s; logistics of move; past PQC science professors; PQC football and band; future of Waco campus; PQC science majors; professional activities; origins of PQC students; maintenance and facilities at Waco campus; Center for the Advancement of Science and Engineering Technology program; Minority Science Improvement Program; differences between Waco and Dallas campuses; white students at PQC; parallel degree program with Texas State Technical Institute.

Carr, Warren Tyree

Project: Religion and Culture Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by David Stricklin on 18 April 1985 in Winston-Salem, North Carolina. Deposited 1988. 1:45 hours; 41 pages. Religion and Culture Project.

Interview Summary: Warren Carr was pastor of Southern Baptist churches in North Carolina; early religious influences; call to ministry; decision to attend Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, Louisville, Kentucky; influence of Southern faculty; first consciousness of racial discrimination; first interracial meeting in Durham, North Carolina; influence of Wesley Shrader and George Heaton; inclusive racial doctrine of Watts Street Baptist Church, Durham; description of Watts Street in 1946; reaction of Watts Street to integrationist policies; influence of members from Duke University; vandalism to church building; attitudes of other Durham pastors; support of congregation; difficulties of other pastors; decision to ordain Addie Davis, first ordained woman in Southern Baptist Convention; recommendation of Davis to deacons; public reaction to Davis ordination; debate over associate memberships; importance of justice in Scripture.

Carson, R. Logan

Project: Religion and Culture Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Barry Hankins on 23 May 2000 in Wake Forest, North Carolina. Deposited 2002. 1 hour; 25 pages. Religion and Culture Project.

Interview Summary: R. Logan Carson was senior professor of Christian theology at Southeastern Baptist Theological Seminary in Wake Forest, North Carolina (1994-); education at North Carolina School for the Blind, Shaw University, Raleigh, NC, Hartford Theological Seminary, Hartford, Connecticut, Louisville Presbyterian Seminary, Louisville, Kentucky, and Drew University, Madison, New Jersey; reading the Braille Bible; conversion experience and baptism; receiving a call into ministry and teaching; missionary experience in northeastern Nigeria; teaching at Montclair State College, NJ; teaching at Gardner-Webb College (1973-94); pastoring churches in North Carolina; meeting with Paige Patterson and L. Russ Bush and acceptance of offer to teach at Southeastern Baptist Theological Seminary, Wake Forest, NC, in 1994; frustration with conservative/moderate split in Southern Baptist Convention; reconciliation work with churches in turmoil, conflict ministry; reflections on race and being an African American in the Southern Baptist Convention; experiences at Southern Baptist Convention meetings and preaching in Southern Baptist churches, including Bible studies and revivals; belief in prayer ministry; relationship with the National Baptists; dually aligned churches; love of teaching; relationship with Southern Baptist conservatives; thoughts on affirmative action and admonitions to students to work hard; how Southern Baptist Convention can use and attract minority members and reach out to black Baptists; importance of the family; children.

Clemons, Kneeland Hilburn

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Rebecca Sharpless Jimenez on 14 April, 15 April, and 20 April 1983 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1985. 3:00 hours; 126 pages; index, 4 pages. Waco and McLennan County Project.

Interview Summary: Kneeland H. Clemons was assistant relocation director, Urban Renewal Agency (URA) of Waco; childhood and education, Waco; education, Howard University; marriage; employment, Atlanta Life Insurance Company, Waco; father's ownership, Mecca Drug

Store, Waco; housing segregation; urban renewal purchase of Mecca Drug; employment, URA; training; urban renewal purposes; slum landlords in Dewey projects, Waco; duties of relocation officer; need for rehabilitation in Dewey; housing integration; urban renewal procedure; public reaction to urban renewal; homeowners compared to renters; supervision of work; dealing with landlords and negative reactions; relocation standards and procedure; division of Dewey A and Dewey B projects; effect of urban renewal on New Hope Baptist Church; demolition procedure; land disposition; working conditions under federal grants; change in governmental philosophy; employment with Neighborhood Development Program; director of weatherization, Economic Opportunities Advancement Corporation.

Cooper, Marcus Langley, Jr.

Project: Religion and Culture Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Daniel B. McGee on 6 occasions from 3 July to 19 August 1980 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1982. 8:00 hours; videotaped; 226 pages; index, 7 pages.

Religion and Culture Project

Interview Summary: M. L. Cooper, Jr., was pastor, Second Baptist Church, Waco, and a leader in the civil-rights movement; family history; early childhood; life as a preacher's child in Austin; education, Samuel Houston College and Tillotson College, Austin; racial tension in Austin; job in a chemical company; call to ministry; seminary study, Howard University; first pastorate, Georgetown, Texas; work with the Economic Opportunities Advancement Corporation community action program for McLennan County; work with National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP), Austin; marriage; civil-rights movement in Waco; pastorate, Second Baptist Church, Waco; effects of Waco's urban renewal on the Second Baptist Church's congregation; NAACP in Waco; racial integration of Waco public schools; history of Second Baptist Church; descriptions of other black Waco churches; medical care for blacks; race relations with Waco Mexican American community; black political leadership in Waco; recollections of Oscar DuConge; association with Paul Quinn College; role of blacks in Waco; work in the Good Hope Western District Association; preparing sermons; family life.

Corpening, Julius H.

Project: Religion and Culture Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by David Stricklin on 18 April 1985 in Winston-Salem, North Carolina. Deposited 1995. 1:30 hours; 26 pages. Religion and Culture Project.

Interview Summary: Julius H. Corpening was a Southern Baptist pastor and civil rights activist in South Carolina and North Carolina during the 1950s and 1960s; family background; education, Wake Forest University, Winston-Salem, North Carolina; admiration for Clarence Jordan, McNeill Poteat, Warren Carr, William Finlator, and George Heaton; education, Yale University, Princeton University, and Union Seminary; experiences as pastor in Hampton, South Carolina, during 1950s desegregation; effectiveness of Howard McClain in the South Carolina Christian Action Council; move to Temple Baptist Church (TBC), Durham, North Carolina, 1960; kneel-ins at TBC by North Carolina College students; church conference that resulted in TBC's open door policy; TBC's reactions to changing demographics of its neighborhood; lay ministry programs in community; leadership in Operation Breakthrough and response of conservative political leaders; TBC's emphasis on family life issues; work for low-income housing in Durham; students' response to Martin Luther King's assassination; move to Wake Forest University; establishment of Leadership Winston-Salem.

DuConge, Oscar Norbert

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Thomas L. Charlton on 11 occasions from 20 February to 31 July 1975 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1977. 20:45 hours; 586 pages; index, 11 pages

Interview Summary: Oscar DuConge was the first black mayor of Waco; youth in New Orleans; Catholic background; early education; education, Xavier High School, New Orleans; education, City College of New York; New York City in the 1920s; employment, Federal Emergency Relief Agency; salesman, Singer Sewing Machine Co.; racial segregation in Chicago; riding railway cars looking for work; salesman, Unity Life Insurance Co., New Orleans; teaching adult education; service, U.S. Army, World War II; racial segregation in army; duties in finance section; combat duty, Italy; graduate study, Atlanta University School of Social Work and Southern University; employment, Domestic Relations Court, Pittsburgh, and Veterans Administration Regional Hospital (VA), Waco; impressions of Waco in 1948; purpose of VA psychiatric treatment; racial segregation of patients; duties of social workers; purchase of Doris Miller Memorial Park, Waco; changes in funeral practices; racial segregation in Waco, 1940s; black leadership in Waco; uniqueness as a black Catholic in Waco; founding of Negro Chamber of Commerce; black businesses in Waco; racial integration of Waco Chamber of Commerce; employment opportunities for blacks in Waco; recollections of J. H. Kultgen; desegregation meetings in black community; role of Marvin C. Griffin in civil rights; Waco reaction to Brown v. Board of Education of Topeka; lawsuit against Waco Independent School District for slowness of integration process; quality of Moore High School; candidacy for Waco school board, division of National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP); criticism of NAACP's moderation policies; role of black universities in civil-rights movement; Martin Luther King, Jr.; attrition of young blacks from Waco; race legislation in Lyndon Johnson administration; founding of Economic Opportunity Advancement Corporation (EOAC); director, Waco EOAC; creation of neighborhood centers; benefits of EOAC to black community; early attempts of blacks to run for office in Waco; black voter apathy; Black Muslim movement; decision of G. H. Radford to run for city council; Radford's performance as city councilman; second campaign for school board; candidacy for city council; campaign; goals as councilman; acceptance by other council members; single-member districts; city managers; representation of blacks in city departments; opposition to election as mayor; mayor's role; result of election of black mayor for Waco; relations between mayor and city manager; speaking engagements; need for continuity in mayor's office; participation in mayors' conferences; understanding for public agencies; personal satisfaction with mayorship; life goals.

Emmons, Martha Lena

Project: Baylor University Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Rebecca Sharpless Jimenez on 29 August, 5 September, and 19 September 1985 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1989. 5:30 hours; videotaped; 184 pages; index, 4 pages.

Interview Summary: Martha Emmons was history teacher in public schools, professor in the Department of English, Baylor University (BU), president of the Texas Folklore Society, and author of *I Come Runnin'* and *Deep Like the Rivers*; family history; childhood, Mansfield, Texas; early development of interests in folklore and African-American speech; father's storytelling technique and innovations in peanut cultivation; family relationships with African-

American community in Mansfield area; education, BU, The University of Texas, Austin, and University College, Dublin, Ireland; teaching, Columbia, South Carolina, and Nacogdoches, Taylor, and Waco, Texas; leadership in Texas Folklore Society (TFS); TFS annual meetings and Hootenanny; innovative teaching style; local history projects in Nacogdoches and Taylor secondary schools; recollections of leaders in Texas folklore: J. Frank Dobie, Bertha McKee Dobie, Walter Prescott Webb, L. W. Payne, E. Hudson Long, J. Mason Brewer, John K. Strecker, John Avery Lomax, Sr., John Avery Lomax, Jr., William A. Owens, and Francis Abernethy; sources for folklore; Elmira Johnson, African-American folklorist, Waco; African-American folklore; folk stories about cats and ghosts; folk traditions about death and funeral practices; folk remedies; selections from "Dyin' Easy," in *Tone the Bell Easy*, edited by J. Frank Dobie; recitation of "Go Down Death" from *God's Trombones*, by James Weldon Johnson.

England, Jasper Martin and England, Mabel Orr

Project: Religion and Culture Project.

Interview Details: Jasper Martin England was interviewed on 27 July, 15 August, and 25 September 1984 and Mabel Orr England was interviewed on 26 July and 16 September 1984 by David Stricklin in Greenville, South Carolina. Deposited 1996. 10:45 hours, 166 pages; index, 3 pages.

Interview Summary: Jasper Martin (JME) and Mabel Orr (MOE) England were missionaries to Burma for the Foreign Mission Society of the American Baptist Convention (ABC) and co-founders, with Clarence and Florence Jordan, of Koinonia Farm (KF) in Sumter County, Georgia. In addition, Martin England had a long career with the ABC Ministers and Missionaries Benefit Board (M&M) and was active in the Civil Rights movement. JME: family background; early influences; education at Furman University, Greenville, South Carolina, Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, Louisville, Kentucky, and Crozer Theological Seminary, Chester, Pennsylvania; teaching experiences; decision to volunteer for missions; causes of change from Southern Baptist to American Baptist foreign mission boards; marriage; missionary service in Burma; community center work, Kentucky; influence of Walter N. Johnson; relationship with Clarence and Florence Jordan; founding and early years of KF; involvement with Church Peace Mission; service for M&M board; ABC dual alignment for Baptist churches; experiences as M&M board regional representative in southern U.S.; problems encountered by southern pastors who took pro-civil rights stands; activism with the Civil Rights movement; Selma to Montgomery march; aftermath of bombing of Sixteenth Street Baptist Church, Birmingham, Alabama; encounters with Martin Luther King, Jr.; recollections of specific civil rights activists involved with churches or human rights councils; influence of Carlyle Marney; relationship between civil rights and peace concerns. MOE: family background; education; early career as youth director for Young Women's Christian Association; marriage; training at Cornell University, Ithaca, New York; experiences in Burma and India before and after World War II; effects of Burma civil war; women's roles at KF; community reaction to KF; recollections of Jordan family; reactions to JME's civil rights involvements.

Finlator, William Wallace

Project: Religion and Culture Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by David Stricklin on 12 September 1984 in Raleigh, North Carolina. Deposited 1989. 1:30 hours; 38 pages.

Interview Summary: William Wallace Finlator was pastor of Southern Baptist churches in North Carolina and an activist in the Civil Rights movement; family history; educational background; call to the ministry; influence of his father; early attitudes toward African Americans; philosophy of his ministry; growing interest in desegregation movements; importance of the American Civil Liberties Union; dealing with African Americans and whites in the congregation; relations with the Ministerial Association; influential readings; impact of the American South on the ministry; involvement with migrant workers and their civil rights in Elizabeth City, North Carolina; Pullen Baptist Church, in Raleigh; First Baptist Church, Elizabeth City; chairman of the Civil Rights Commission; summary of his beliefs in the church and in civil rights.

Freyre, Gilberto de Mello

Project: Baylor University Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Thomas L. Charlton on 16 May 1985 in Waco, Texas.

Deposited 1987. 1:30 hours; videotaped; 43 pages.

Interview Summary: Gilberto Freyre was a Brazilian sociologist and a 1921 graduate of Baylor University (BU); family background; early education; training in English and in art; decision to attend BU; conversion to Baptist faith; views on American racial discrimination; impressions of life in America; social contacts with women; influence of A. J. Armstrong; interest in English; introduction to New Poets; friendship with Amy Lowell; refusal of Rhodes scholarship; teaching French at BU; influence of father; development of radicalism; life at BU; characterization of Samuel P. Brooks; extracurricular activities; writing *Masters and Slaves*; development of oral history as a field.

Frost, Gary L.

Project: Religion and Culture Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Barry Hankins on 14 October 1999 in Youngstown, Ohio.

Deposited 2003. 1:30 hours; 22 pages.

Interview Summary: Gary Frost was pastor of the Rising Star Baptist Church in Youngstown, Ohio; education at Mountain Union College, Ashland Theological Seminary, and Central Bible College; professional experiences as interim pastor at an African-American Presbyterian church in Youngstown; installation as pastor of Rising Star Baptist Church in 1983; relationship with John Tatum and the founding of Rising Star Baptist Church as a Southern Baptist missionary church; service as vice president and president of the State Convention Of Baptists In Ohio; contributions to the drafting and presentation of the 1995 Race Reconciliation Resolution of the Southern Baptist Convention; experiences with Dr. Richard Land, Al Mohler, David Gushee, and Paige Patterson; views on the political liberalism and theological conservatism of African-American Baptists; father's role in the civil rights movement; views on affirmative action and the progress in civil rights for African-Americans; assessment of the relationship of African-American Baptists and the National Baptist Convention with the Southern Baptist Convention; views on Louis Farrakhan, the Million Man March, and on the Promise Keepers movement; work with Dr. Henry Blackaby and Dr. Tony Evans; childhood experience of racial discrimination.

Gilbert, Robert Louis

Project: Baylor University Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Rufus B. Spain on 4 occasions from 24 September to 12 October 1971 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1973. 3:00 hours; 103 pages; index, 2 pages Interviews 3 (6 October 1971) and 4 (12 October 1971) may be used only with the permission of Robert L. Gilbert during his lifetime.

Interview Summary: Robert L. Gilbert was one of the two first black graduates of Baylor University, 1967, and the first black to teach in all-white Waco schools; family history; education in Waco schools; experience as first black teacher in white Waco schools; graduate study, Baylor; religious background; call to ministry; ministry in rural churches; academic standards at Baylor; early awareness of racial discrimination; father's reaction to discrimination; racial segregation of Waco entertainment facilities; discrimination by Baylor professors; influence of Ralph Lynn and Rufus Spain; employment at Tennyson Junior High, Waco; effect of his hiring on black community; acceptance by fellow Baylor students; director, Baylor's Upward Bound program; marriage; experience with crippling arthritis; civic activities; association with Doris Miller Dialogue Group, study of civil rights; establishment of Waco Human Relations Commission; intervention on behalf of young blacks wanting a Project Self-Help; effect of closed city council meetings; involvement in Thurman Dorsey city council campaign; controversy over naming of Jefferson-Moore High School; dissolution of Project Self-Help; integration of Waco schools; decision to exchange teachers; sister's experience as exchange teacher; meeting with Avery Downing over school integration; discussions between black and white high school students; advisory panel on school redistricting.

Griffin, Marvin C.

Project: Religion and Culture Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Thomas L. Charlton and Daniel B. McGee on 4 occasions from 23 June 1972 to 19 August 1981. Locations of the interviews were Austin and Waco, Texas. Deposited 1982. 8:00 hours; videotaped, 4:00 hours; 244 pages; index, 10 pages.

Interview Summary: Marvin Griffin was pastor, New Hope Baptist Church (NHBC), Waco, and later Ebenezer Baptist Church (EBC), Austin; family history; early education, childhood, and religious training, Fort Gibson, Oklahoma; family move to Dallas; family's contact with First [Southern] Baptist Church, Dallas; recollections of C. C. Choice and other pastors; desire to be a minister; interest in politics; elementary and high-school education, Dallas; relationship between black and Jewish communities, Dallas; high black high-school dropout rate; education, Bishop College (BC), Marshall, Texas; BC religion faculty and curriculum; atmosphere in Marshall, early 1940s; influence of William R. Strassner; marriage; education, Oberlin College (OC); OC liberal atmosphere, faculty, and curriculum; assistant pastorate, Antioch Baptist Church, and employment as stock boy, Cleveland; director of city missions, Baptist Missionary and Education Convention, Dallas, 1948-51; pastorate, NHBC; recollections of Joseph Newton Jenkins; NHBC's relationship to other black Waco churches; effect of urban renewal on black community; importance of music at NHBC; construction and financing of NHBC manse; NHBC relationship to Paul Quinn College; education, Southwestern Baptist Theological Seminary; personal theological growth; 1953 Waco tornado; race relations in Waco, 1950s; increased importance of black community in municipal elections; desegregation of Waco Young Men's Christian Association; admittance of black ministers to Waco Ministerial Alliance; election of G. H. Radford to Waco city council; local labor unions' treatment of black workers; various civic activities in Waco; effect of school desegregation on black colleges and universities; response of black community in Waco to national civil-rights movement; increased involvement of NHBC in

denominational work; move to EBC; history of the development of black theology; comments on James Cone; evaluation of white community's commitment to improve race relations; family; membership, Christian Life Commission, Southern Baptist Convention; election, Austin Independent School District Trustee Board, 1974; future of education and EBC.

Hall, Ophelia Mae Mayberry

Project: Family Life and Community History Project

Interview Details: Interviewed on two occasions by Rebecca Sharpless on 26 May 1986 and 10 June 1986 in Gatesville, Texas. Deposited 2000. 2:30 hours. 67 pages.

Interview Summary: Ophelia Mae Mayberry Hall grew up in and was a descendent of the founders of the African-American community of Lincolnvile, located near Gatesville, Texas; grandparents; parents; Juneteenth celebrations; birthday parties for Big and Dee Mayberry; siblings; cousins; funeral practices; food preparation; hog butchering; houses; schoolhouse; education; teachers at the Lincolnvile school; fellow students at Lincolnvile; livestock; kitchen gardens; race relations; family resemblances; transportation; integration of the Gatesville schools; childbirth and medical care; closeness and importance of family; religious practice; church attendance; childhood activities; housekeeping; working in Gatesville; Bethlehem Baptist Church.

Harrison, Emma Louise McDonald

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project, Woman in Waco

Interview Details: Interviewed by LaWanda Ball on 22 October 1975 in Waco, Texas. December 1977. 1:00 hour; 31 pages; index, 1 page

Interview Summary: Emma Louise Harrison was a leader of the black community, Waco; family history; childhood influences in Mexia, Texas; decision to become a teacher; education, Paul Quinn College; marriage; education, Huston-Tillotson College; graduate study, University of Southern California; travel; history of residence at 1018 Taylor St., Waco; Salvation Army work after 1953 Waco tornado; writing; volunteer work; attitudes toward people, education, and religion.

Hendricks, Garland Alford

Project: Religion and Culture Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by David Stricklin on 12 March 1987 in Shelby, North Carolina. Deposited 2001. 1:00 hour, 28 pages.

Interview Summary: Garland Hendricks was a Southern Baptist minister and college professor in North Carolina; ordination and early pastoral experience; study at Wake Forest College, Wake Forest, North Carolina, and Southern Baptist Theological Seminary (SBTS), Louisville, Kentucky; influence of W. O. Carver at SBTS; participation in interracial retreat at Morehouse College, Atlanta, Georgia; racial views as a young person; involvement with Gardner-Webb College, Boiling Springs, North Carolina, in education for small and rural churches; acquaintance with Walter Nathan Johnson; Johnson's ideas on church revitalization; participation in Johnson-led retreats; influence of Stanley Jones on Johnson; Johnson's ideas on economics and eugenics.

Heslip, Edythe B., and Marjorie Pryor

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Vivienne Malone-Mayes on 4 August 1990 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 2002. 1:00 hour; 28 pages.

Interview Summary: Edythe B. Heslip and Marjorie Pryor were the nieces of E. G. and Pauline Boykins, prominent African American community leaders and owners of Dennis & Boykins Funeral Home on Bridge Street in Waco, Texas; family background; move to Waco, Texas, from Coalgate, Oklahoma; living with aunt and uncle, E. G. and Pauline Boykins; Mr. Boykins's entry into the funeral home business; founding of Dennis & Boykins Funeral Home on Bridge Street in Waco, Texas; coming to funeral home after school; shopping at Goldstein-Migel's in Waco, Texas; life on Bridge Street in the twenties and thirties; payment for funeral service during the Depression; Pryor's and Heslip's attendance at Wiley College, Marshall, Texas; beer and liquor sales in Waco, Texas; crime on Bridge Street; move of E. G. Boykins Funeral Home to Webster Avenue in 1944; community activities and generosity of Mr. Boykins; reasons that Bridge Street was a commercial hub; businesses on the Square; Heslip's college education and wedding.

Hodges, Lonnie Belle

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Vivienne Malone-Mayes on 30 August 1990 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 2002. 1:55 hours; 69 pages.

Interview Summary: Lonnie Belle Watson was the society editor of the newspaper the Waco Messenger, Waco, Texas; husband Mack Henson Hodges's position as advertising and circulation manager for the Waco Messenger; early twentieth-century businesses on Bridge Street, Waco; staff of the Waco Messenger; family history; slave experiences of ancestors; decline of Bridge Street; mob violence against African Americans in Waco; Ku Klux Klan activities in Waco; urban renewal projects to make way for Cain homes and growth of Baylor University, Waco; St. James United Methodist Church, Waco; early twentieth-century businesses on the Square, Waco; impact of the 1953 tornado on Bridge Street; employment as a substitute teacher for Waco public schools; inequalities between the salaries of white and African-American teachers; history of African-American churches in Waco; inadequacies in the modern education of African-American children.

Johnson, Eunice Brown

Project: Family Life and Community History Project

Interview Details: Interviewed on two occasions by Rebecca Sharpless on 31 July 1986 and 14 April 1987 in Gatesville, Texas. Deposited 2000. 1:45 hours. 48 pages.

Interview Summary: Eunice Brown Johnson grew up in Gatesville, Texas, and was a descendent of the founders of the African-American community of Lincolnton, located near Gatesville; parents, Jim "Green" and Fannie Brown; siblings; Grims family; home in Gatesville; childhood memories; transportation; visiting relatives in Lincolnton; marriage to Frazier Johnson; Bethlehem Baptist Church (BBC); church attendance; childhood playmates; methods of discipline; Jay Brown, brother; origin of name; joining BBC; baptism; BBC's first building; extended family; split in BBC; importance of religion; BBC Sunday school; cooking as an occupation.

Johnson, Timothy James

Project: Religion and Culture Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Barry Hankins on 15 October 1999 in Henrietta, New York. Deposited 2003. 1:30 hours; 31 pages.

Interview Summary: Timothy James Johnson was professor of social work at Roberts Wesleyan College in Rochester, New York; childhood in Philadelphia; formative role of black Baptist church; education at Philadelphia College of Bible; experience as civil engineer; influence of Charles Y. Furness; successes at Philadelphia College of Bible; Master of Social Work degree from University of Pennsylvania; work as associate professor at Eastern College, 1980-1991; doctoral studies at Bryn Mawr; recruitment by Diana Garland to faculty of Southern Baptist Theological Seminary; terms of employment at the seminary; completion of doctoral degree requirements in African American studies from Temple University; retirement of Dr. Roy Honeycutt as president of seminary and appointment of Dr. Al Mohler; experiences with European American students; events surrounding failure to get tenure; views on administrative policies and procedures of the seminary; assessment of colleagues' and administrators' roles during early period of Al Mohler's presidency; recruitment to tenured faculty position at Roberts Wesleyan College; public accusation of racism against Southern Baptist Theological Seminary; views on racial attitudes of Southern Baptist Convention; personal religious and political stance; role as pastor of racially integrated Pinnacle Road Baptist Church; views on Richard Land and Southern Baptist Convention's racial reconciliation resolution; views on Southern Baptists' position on issues of women in ministry and sexual preference; views on Christian liturgy; assessment of ethical and moral conduct of Southern Baptist Theological Seminary faculty members.

Jones, Cora Lee McCall

Project: History of Education Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Doni Van Ryswyk, Lois E. Myers, and Marla Luffer on 11 occasions from 25 January 1988 through 23 February 1989 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1994. 12:00 hours; 320 pages; index, 4 pages.

Interview Summary: Cora Lee McCall Jones taught in several communities throughout Texas from the 1950s through the 1970s; family background; experiences of her grandfather as sheriff of Robertson County, Texas; rural life in Robertson County during early twentieth century; father's general store near community of Hammond; ethnic and racial relationships; education, Hammond, Calvert High School, Baylor Female College, Belton, and Baylor University (BU), Waco; memories of John Crumpton Hardy and of BU faculty, including A. J. Armstrong, Lillie Louise Martin, and Martha Emmons; student housing and roommates at BU during the 1920s; influences of J. Frank Norris on BU; experiences as educator in various Texas school districts: Cisco, Groesbeck, Hearne, Jewett, Los Fresnos, Marlin, Mumford, Reagan, Rosebud, and Whitney; marriage and children; career of husband; teaching philosophy; retirement.

Keatts, Rowena W.

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: A series of interviews conducted by Jay M. Butler from July 26 to August 28 1990 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1994. Interviewed on 26 July 1990. 50 minutes; 32 pages.

Interview Summary: In late June 1990, the board of trustees of Paul Quinn College (PQC): founded in 1872 in Austin, Texas, and located since 1881 in Waco, Texas: announced a

unanimous decision to relocate the college to the former Bishop College campus in Dallas, Texas. In October 1990, PQC opened in Dallas with a full slate of classes. Jay M. Butler conducted fifteen interviews with PQC administrators, faculty, and students during the brief interval between the official announcement of the move and the move itself. Thirteen of these interviews comprise the oral memoirs, which focus on the significance of the move of the college from Waco to Dallas and related topics. Rowena Keatts was head librarian at PQC; family history; first teaching job; education, Prairie View A&M; employment; work as cataloger at PQC in 1930s; history of PQC; M. P. Harvey, PQC busi-ness manager; other PQC graduates in Waco; accreditation of library; Rutland's presidency; appointment to head librarian; teaching English; personal feelings about PQC; student feelings about move; Waco's need for PQC; PQC's potential to survive in Dallas; PQC's contributions to Waco; meaning of PQC's loss for African-American Wacoans; re-relationship between PQC and African-American business community in Dallas; staffing problems; building maintenance; Lincolnvillle community history; library holdings on African-American history.

Keatts, Rowena Weatherly

Project: Family Life and Community History Project

Interview Details: Interviewed on 5 occasions by Rebecca Sharpless from 5 May 1986 to 15 April 1987 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 2000. 6:15 hours; 183 pages; index, 2 pages.

Interview Summary: Rowena Weatherly Keatts grew up in and was a descendent of the founders of the African-American community of Lincolnvillle, located near Gatesville, Texas; childhood memories; father, Gus Weatherly; family's migration to Texas; religious practices of slaves; Weatherly home and property in Lincolnvillle; grade school education; work squads from the state Reformatory; farm work; transportation; origin of Juneteenth; cousins; siblings; transition from slavery; extended family; neighbors on the farm; quality of Weatherly property; crops; livestock; water supply; voting; Mayberry family; location of farmsteads; farming practices; family reunions; cooking; clothing; methods of discipline; Paul Quinn College, Waco, Texas; Bethlehem Baptist Church (BBC), Gatesville, Texas; BBC Sunday school; mission activities of Cliffie Squyres; teaching career; graduate education; attachment to family land.

Kilgore, William Jackson

Project: Baylor University Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Daniel B. McGee on 5 occasions from 21 June to 14 August 1972 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1981. 3:20 hours; 122 pages. The tapes and transcripts are sealed until the year 2005.

Interview Summary: W. J. Kilgore was chairman, Department of Philosophy, Baylor University; decision to teach; reasons for attending Baylor; influential professors; controversies during 1930s; brief employment history; return to Baylor to teach, 1949; changes during absence; issues on campus and in Waco in 1950s; involvement with Waco Commission on Race Relations; commission at state level; concerns with American Association of University Professors in 1960s; history of Paul Baker incident.

Kultgen, John Henry "Jack"

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Thomas L. Charlton on 27 June, 16 July, and 9 August 1974 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1975. 4:55 hours; 192 pages; index, 7 pages. Appendix 1: Texas State Technical Institute diploma. Appendix 11: Paul Quinn College diploma

Interview Summary: J. H. Kultgen was an automobile dealer and civic leader, Waco; family history; childhood in Chicago; education; service, U.S. Air Service Signal Corps, World War I; training; dangers in early military flight; marriage and move to Texas; employment, Dallas Ford dealership; Ford sales; promotion to management; effect of Great Depression, personally and on automobile business; agency shift from Fords to used cars; financing car purchases; introduction to Arthur Bird; selection of Waco as business site; purchase of Ford dealership; first impressions of Waco; effect of World War II on automobile business; district director, U.S. government Office of Price Administration; success of rationing; inequities in rationing system; restocking of autos after war; postwar prosperity; Texas automobile dealer's association; changes in Ford Company structure; construction of showroom at Thirteenth and Franklin; fund raising for Providence and Hillcrest hospitals; presidency, Roosevelt Hotel; head of fund raising for Baylor Stadium; presidency, Texas Good Roads Association; organization of Waco United Fund; service, Brazos River Authority board and United States Study Commission; effect of Lake Waco dam; travel column in Waco Tribune-Herald; construction of Interstate Highway 35; appointment to Texas Highway Commission; strength of Texas Highway Department; delegate to national Democratic party conventions; interest in race relations; trusteeship, Paul Quinn College (PQC); effect of Brown v. Board of Education of Topeka; needs of black colleges; PQC move toward sound business practices and accreditation; upgrading of teacher training; membership, Waco Community Relations Committee; integration of local facilities; progress of Waco in race relations; conversion of James Connally Air Force Base to Texas State Technical Institute (TSTI); purchase of air field; member, board of regents; objectives of TSTI; need for technical education; success of TSTI.

Land, Richard D.

Project: Religion and Culture Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Barry Hankins on April 7, 1997 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 2003. 1:40 hours; 32 pages.

Interview Summary: Richard D. Land was president and chief executive officer of the Christian Life Commission of the Southern Baptist Convention; undergraduate education at Princeton University; master's degree work at New Orleans Baptist Theological Seminary while pastor of a Baptist church in the French Quarter of New Orleans; doctor's degree work at Oxford University; decision to join the faculty of The Criswell College in 1975; leave of absence from Criswell to serve as administrative assistant to the governor of Texas, William P. Clements, Jr., in 1987; appointment as executive director of the Christian Life Commission in 1988; views on the role of Southern Baptists in securing religious liberty and the separation of church and state; views on the dangers of state sponsored religion; admiration for Francis Schaeffer and Carl F. H. Henry; views on the religious basis of the civil rights movement; relationship to James Dunn and the supporters of the Istook amendment to the Constitution; opinions concerning government vouchers for private, religious schools; role in the drafting of "Evangelicals and Catholics Together" and discussions with Charles Colson; views on the proper role of Baptists in effecting social change.

Long, Clemmie Holloway and Smith, Willie Long

Project: Baylor University Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Rebecca Sharpless Jimenez on 5 occasions from 9 April to 14 May 1985 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1994. 4:45 hours; 139 pages; index, 3 pages.

Interview Summary: Clemmie Holloway Long and Willie Long Smith were the children of William Long, a worker at Baylor University (BU) in the 1890s, and early graduates of Moore High School, Waco, Texas; early memories of Falls County, Texas; prominent white families in Falls County; migration of family to Texas as slaves; grandparents' relationships with slavemasters; rural funeral practices; family move to Waco; African-American neighborhoods in Waco; Brazos River flood of 1899; memberships in St. James Methodist Episcopal Church; parents' education and church membership; parents' marriage; early education, Waco, Texas; family foodways; health care; racial segregation; division of African-American churches; recollections of William Cowper Brann, BU campus and Rufus C. Burleson; BU student discipline; African-American fraternal organizations; racial violence in Waco; faculty of Moore High; class size; Moore High athletics; educations, Prairie View A&M University (PVAMU); PVAMU curriculum; family move to Abilene, Texas; race relations in Abilene; PVAMU extracurricular activities; Long teaching, Lott and San Antonio, Texas; Smith employment in office of Dr. H. L. Smith and with J. Edward Brown family, Waco; Smith marriage; Long employment as Pullman porter and at Camp Stanley, Texas; Smith tasks for Brown family; recollections of Marian Butler; retirements.

MacRae, Bette Sands

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project, Woman in Waco

Interview Details: Interviewed by Kay Clifton on 26 January 1977 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1977. 1 :45 hours; 56 pages; index, 1 page.

Interview Summary: Betty MacRae was a trustee, Waco Independent School District (WISD); family history; education, Etna, Ohio, and Ohio State University; elementary-school teaching, various Maryland schools; involvement in Parent-Teacher Association; election as PTA City Council president; merit pay for teachers; first woman elected to WISD board; lawsuit over desegregation of Waco schools; discrimination between black and white schools; certification of black teachers; problems with court-ordered busing; disagreement over naming of Jefferson-Moore High School; public attitude toward integration; faculty integration; lengthy school-board meetings; loss of local control to government financing; meeting agendas; physical facilities of schools; retirement from board.

Malone, Vera Estelle Allen

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project, Woman in Waco

Interview Details: Interviewed by LaWanda Ball on 5 December 1975 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1977. 1:45 hours; 65 pages; index, 1 page.

Interview Summary: Vera Allen Malone was a native of Harrison Switch, Texas, and a teacher, Moore High School (MHS), Waco; family history; mother's teaching, Billingsley, Texas; Presbyterian church, Harrison Switch; Juneteenth and Christmas celebrations; cotton picking; food preservation; cooking; childhood games; pranks; home remedies; education, MHS and Prairie View [Texas] A&M; marriage; teaching, Malakoff, Texas, and MHS; school integration;

discipline changes; westward expansion of Waco; family property at Harrison Switch; retirement.

Malone-Mayes, Vivienne Lucille

Project: Baylor University Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Rebecca Sharpless on 4 occasions from 29 July 1987 to 5 August 1987 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1998. 5:20 hours; 178 pages; index 3 pages.

Interview Summary: Vivienne Malone-Mayes was the first African-American professor to teach at Baylor University, Waco, Texas; birth; parents; Harrison Switch, Texas; extended family; childhood; influential family members; family trips; family educational background; Prairie View A & M University, Prairie View, Texas; Paul Quinn College, Waco, Texas; Joyce Stamps Nursery, Waco, Texas; Great Depression; views on father's financial outlook; physical appearance; race relations; mother's teaching career; views on women working outside the home; New Hope Baptist Church, Waco, Texas; World War II; Toliver Chapel Baptist Church, Waco, Texas; North Seventh Street Elementary School, Waco, Texas; family's financial status; Fisk University, Nashville, Tennessee; family move to Waco; racial mixture in Waco; New Hope Baptist Sunday school; Waco neighborhoods; segregation; school curriculum for African-American students; Moore High School, Waco, Texas; dating; memories of home.

Manning, Ruth Weatherly

Project: Family Life and Community History Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Rebecca Sharpless on 25 April 1987 in Gatesville, Texas. Deposited 2000. 45 minutes. 28 pages.

Interview Summary: Ruth Weatherly Manning grew up in and was a descendent of the founders of the African-American community of Lincolnville, located near Gatesville, Texas; parents; grandparents; death of father; memories of Lou Mayberry; train service in Central Texas; siblings; childhood games; farm chores; livestock; move to Gatesville, Texas; high school; Lincolnville school; Bethlehem Baptist Church (BBC); religious practice during slavery; Sunday school attendance; joining BBC; contact with and memories of extended family; Weatherly land at Lincolnville; Coryell County courthouse; Weatherly home.

Mayberry, Louie Edward

Project: Family Life and Community History Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Rebecca Sharpless on 19 March 1987 in Goliad, Texas. Deposited 2000. 1:20 hours 32 pages.

Interview Summary: Louie Edward Mayberry was a descendent of the founders of the African-American community of Lincolnville, located near Gatesville, Texas; early childhood memories; migration of Mayberrys and Cooks to Texas; parents; white Mayberry family; character of Celie Cook; employment; memories of nephew, John Gilbert Jordan; Squyres family; religious heritage; visits to Lincolnville, Texas; grandparents; Armistice Day in San Antonio, Texas; reasons for move to San Antonio, Texas; race relations; family reunions.

McCall, Emmanuel Lemuel, Sr.

Project: Religion and Culture Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Barry Hankins on 12 June 2000 in Orlando, Florida. Deposited 2003. 1:15 hours; 26 pages.

Interview Summary: Emmanuel Lemuel McCall, Sr., was pastor of Christian Fellowship Baptist Church in College Park, Georgia, and for twenty-three years served in the Home Mission Board of the Southern Baptist Church; childhood call to ministry in Sharon, Pennsylvania; education at Simmons Bible College and University of Louisville; experience with Baptist Student Union and Southern Baptists in mid-1950s; bachelor's and master's degree study at Southern Baptist Theological Seminary; formation of the Louisville Baptist Pastors Conference; work with the Southern Baptist Home Mission Board, 1968-1991, in Department of Work with Negro Baptists, later called the Division of Black Church Planting and Growth; doctorate in ministry from Emory University; twenty-six years of teaching black church studies at Southern Baptist Theological Seminary; pastorate of Christian Fellowship Baptist Church; formation of the African American Denominational Servant Network; work on race relations and reconciliation within Southern Baptist Convention; experience of black faculty members during period of change at Southern Baptist Theological Seminary; work with Women's Missionary Union (WMU) to improve race relations in the late 1950s; recollections of Marie Mathis and Alma Hunt of WMU; relationship between National Baptists and Southern Baptists; recollection of Joseph Harrison Jackson and selection of president of Baptist World Alliance in 1965; political and career factors limiting blacks' participation in seminary work; work with Richard Land, Al Mohler, and Paige Patterson on committee to draft statement of racial reconciliation presented at Southern Baptist Convention meeting in 1995; experiences of disapproval from other black Baptist leaders; views on racial attitudes of W. A. Criswell and Richard Land; recollections of emotionally painful incidents during early presidency of Al Mohler at Southern Baptist Theological Seminary; recollections of role of Bill Powell in conservative shift of Southern Baptist Convention; views on current state of race relations and progress towards racial equality.

McCloney, Leon H.

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Rebecca Sharpless Jimenez on 10 June 1983 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1996. 1:45 hours; videotaped; 45 pages.

Interview Summary: L. H. McCloney served the Urban Renewal Agency (URA) in Waco, Texas, as the first black commissioner, director of public information, and director of relocation; relationship with Hank Corwin, director of the Waco URA; opposition to urban renewal referendum; reasons for misconceptions about urban renewal; work of the URA board of commissioners; determining sites for urban renewal work; URA public relations; individual resistance to relocation; criteria for determining suitability of property for rehabilitation or clearance; description of work as director of relocation; audits of Waco URA; frequent changes in federal regulations; unusual relocation cases in Waco; defeat of urban renewal in Amarillo and Beaumont, Texas; relationship between units of URA; adjustments required by relocated families; URA response to discrimination suit brought by New Hope Baptist Church; refusal of Second Baptist Church to relocate; relocation of Edwards Chapel AME Church; methods for relocation of businesses in urban renewal areas; factors contributing to decline of downtown Waco.

Mohler, R. Albert, Jr.

Project: Religion and Culture Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Barry Hankins on 5 August 1997 and 13 August 1977 in Louisville, Kentucky. Deposited 2003. 2:37 hours; 54 pages.

Interview Summary: R. Albert Mohler, Jr., was president of Southern Baptist Theological Seminary; childhood and education in south Florida; graduate education at Samford University and Southern Baptist Theological Seminary; early influence of Francis Schaeffer; development of conservative views on issues of church-state relations; role of abortion issue in defining Southern Baptist conservatism; views on school prayer issue; role of Carl Henry in shaping personal theological and political opinions and in reversing views on women's role in church; views on secularism and the Reformed Protestant tradition; opinions of Supreme Court Justice Antonin Scalia and influence of Catholicism; views on the document "Evangelicals and Catholics Together" and on Richard John Neuhaus's symposium, "The End of Democracy?" in First Things; goals for future of Southern Baptist church; conservative agenda of Southern Baptist Theological Seminary board of trustees; importance of issue of women in Baptist ministry at seminary; controversy over faculty recruitment of David Sherwood; conflict with Dr. Diana Garland and her departure from the faculty; conflict with seminary faculty over change toward greater conservatism; dissolution of Carver School of Social Work; role in Southern Baptist sesquicentennial statement on racial reconciliation; views on role of African-Americans in Southern Baptist Convention and on affirmative action.

Morgan, Warren

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: A series of interviews conducted by Jay M. Butler from July 26 to August 28 1990 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1994. Interviewed on 28 August 1990. 40 minutes; 22 pages.

Interview Summary: In late June 1990, the board of trustees of Paul Quinn College (PQC): founded in 1872 in Austin, Texas, and located since 1881 in Waco, Texas: announced a unanimous decision to relocate the college to the former Bishop College campus in Dallas, Texas. In October 1990, PQC opened in Dallas with a full slate of classes. Jay M. Butler conducted fifteen interviews with PQC administrators, faculty, and students during the brief interval between the official announcement of the move and the move itself. Thirteen of these interviews comprise the oral memoirs, which focus on the significance of the move of the college from Waco to Dallas and related topics. Warren Morgan was president of PQC; family history; education; dissertation on quality issues at black colleges; assessment of the role of black colleges; working with PQC as employee of Kellogg Foundation; causes of PQC's financial problem; extension of work at PQC through Kellogg Foundation; assuming presidency; vision for PQC's future; educating African-American students to a global perspective; benefits of financial struggle; relationship with trustee board; Waco's support of PQC; increased enrollments at Dallas; benefits to students of move to Dallas; financial support in Dallas; Comer Cottrell; typical work day; Mrs. Morgan as development officer; PQC's fu-ture as tied to its history.

Mwiya, Nawa

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: A series of interviews conducted by Jay M. Butler from July 26 to August 28 1990 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1994. Interviewed on 26 July 1990. 20 minutes; 14 pages.

Interview Summary: In late June 1990, the board of trustees of Paul Quinn College (PQC): founded in 1872 in Austin, Texas, and located since 1881 in Waco, Texas: announced a unanimous decision to relocate the college to the former Bishop College campus in Dallas, Texas. In October 1990, PQC opened in Dallas with a full slate of classes. Jay M. Butler conducted fifteen interviews with PQC administrators, faculty, and students during the brief interval between the official announcement of the move and the move itself. Thirteen of these interviews comprise the oral memoirs, which focus on the significance of the move of the college from Waco to Dallas and related topics. Nawa Mwiya was head librarian at PQC; family; education in Zambia and the U.S.; move to Dallas; student feelings about move; differences between U.S. and Zambian higher education systems; current size and potential for growth in PQC's library collections; PQC's use of Baylor's library; community support for PQC; plans for use of Waco campus; staffing of library.

Nasr, Mohammed

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: A series of interviews conducted by Jay M. Butler from July 26 to August 28 1990 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1994. Interviewed on 3 August 1990. 45 minutes; 19 pages.

Interview Summary: In late June 1990, the board of trustees of Paul Quinn College (PQC): founded in 1872 in Austin, Texas, and located since 1881 in Waco, Texas: announced a unanimous decision to relocate the college to the former Bishop College campus in Dallas, Texas. In October 1990, PQC opened in Dallas with a full slate of classes. Jay M. Butler conducted fifteen interviews with PQC administrators, faculty, and students during the brief interval between the official announcement of the move and the move itself. Thirteen of these interviews comprise the oral memoirs, which focus on the significance of the move of the college from Waco to Dallas and related topics. Mohammed Nasr was a student majoring in business at PQC and a native of Sudan; education at PQC; relations between African Americans and Africans in the U.S.; typical day; future plans; study in Greece and work in Qatar; life and education in Sudan; Sudan's economy; U.S. educational system; education at Bishop College; reasons for Bishop's closing; condition of Dallas campus.

Naylor, Thomas Herbert

Project: Religion and Culture Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by David Stricklin on 16 April 1985 in Chapel Hill, North Carolina. Deposited 1995. 1:00 hour; 19 pages.

Interview Summary: Thomas Herbert Naylor was a founder of the Lamar Society, which supported modernization of the South, including racial desegregation; family background; education, Jackson, Mississippi, and Millsaps College; censorship of his liberal ideas on race issues by his parents and their church; education, Columbia University, New York, and Indiana University; transition from conservative Republican to liberal Democrat; teaching and education, Tulane University, New Orleans, Louisiana; teaching, Duke University, North Carolina; management of Robert Kennedy's presidential campaign in North Carolina; founding of the Lamar Society.

Newman, Samuel William

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Thomas L. Charlton and James M. SoRelle on 4 occasions from 26 July to 24 August 1983 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1987. 8:00 hours; videotaped; 264 pages; index, 6 pages.

Interview Summary: Sam Newman was social studies coordinator for the Waco Independent School District (WISD) during the first racial desegregation of schools; family history; early life; education; family move to Tientsin, China; Great Depression; family move to San Francisco; military enlistment; memories of San Antonio, Texas; enlistment in U.S. Army Air Corps; Chukchi Peninsula reconnaissance; transfer to San Francisco; New Deal programs; promotion to officer status; marriage; assignment to New Guinea; transfers to San Angelo, Texas, and Barksdale Air Force Base; work at FlyTAF; residence in Waco, Texas; personnel problems at Randolph Air Force Base; assignment to Supreme Headquarters Allied Powers, Europe, and to San Bernardino, California; retirement to Waco; approach to personnel management; enrollment in Baylor University (BU); characterization of BU faculty; first teaching experiences; evaluation of Waco Independent School District (WISD); racial desegregation of WISD; promotion to assistant principal at University Junior High School; completion of master's degree, BU; promotion to social studies coordinator, WISD; teaching, BU; duties as social studies coordinator; characterizations of Avery Downing and Kenneth McGee; support for the Heart of Texas Study of American Heritage; community reaction to WISD desegregation; problems at Lake Air Junior High School; collaboration on Texas history book; research and writing of history of Waco public schools.

Olan, Levi A.

Project: Religion and Culture Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by H. Wayne Pipkin twice on 14 June 1974 in Dallas, Texas. Deposited 1979. 3:15 hours; 95 pages

Interview Summary: Levi A. Olan was rabbi, Temple Emanu-El, Dallas, and regent, The University of Texas at Austin (UT); immigration to U.S. from the Ukraine; influence of Rochester, New York, and teachers; education, University of Rochester; decision to become a rabbi; education, Hebrew Union College, Cincinnati, on scholarship; contrast between Europe and American students; Sacco-Vanzetti trial; congregation in Worcester, Massachusetts; founding, Worcester Biological Foundation; president, United Jewish Charities; friendship with Baptist minister Thomas Roy; acceptance of Emanu-El position; family background; memories of Jewish worship in childhood; family atmosphere and influence; effect of Hitler and World War II on his pacifistic views; thoughts on Zionism; relationship to black community in Worcester; membership, National Association for the Advancement of Colored People; discrimination against blacks in Fair Park section of Dallas; difference between the Orthodox Worcester congregation and liberal Dallas group; problems with preaching on Vietnam War; appointment, UT Board of Regents; waiting for John F. Kennedy at a luncheon the day of JFK assassination; recollections of Frank Erwin and John Silber; thoughts on Arab-Israeli conflict.

Provence, Harry Mayo

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Thomas L. Charlton on 6 occasions from 22 August 1975 to 17 June 1976 and once by Harvey and Dean Herbst on 10 July 1984 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1987. 12:30 hours; 361 pages; index, 9 pages.

Interview Summary: Harry Provence was vice president and editor in chief of Newspapers, Inc., and editor in chief of the Waco Tribune-Herald; family history; father's employment, BU; life on Baylor Farm; mother's church work and political interests; family's moves to Lubbock, New Mexico, Greenville, and Denton; early interests in printing and journalism; education, BU; editorship of the Lariat; J. Frank Norris episode; employment, Waco paper, 1937; marriage; editorship of News-Tribune; political campaigns of Lyndon B. Johnson and W. Lee O'Daniel; effects of Great Depression and World War II on newspaper business and Waco; postwar industry in Waco; prohibition election of 1944 in Waco; role of Waco Record; participation in civil defense preparedness; newspaper coverage of World War II; new technologies in newspaper business; promotion to managing editor in 1947; centennial edition of Waco Tribune-Herald; modernization of newspaper offices; recollections of Harlon Fentress; promotion to editor in 1951; newspaper coverage of 1953 Waco tornado; downtown Waco businessmen's groups; racial desegregation in Waco; recollections of Jack Kultgen; relationships between Fentress papers in Waco, Port Arthur, and Austin; promotion to editor in chief in 1954; correspondent work for Time magazine; labor-management relationships in newspaper business; closing of James Connally Air Force Base and development of Texas State Technical Institute; creation of McLennan Community College; sale of Tribune-Herald to Cox Newspapers; participation on Coordinating Board of the Texas College and University System; separation of medical and dental centers from Baylor University system; establishment of Waco Family Practice Residency Program. See also KULTGEN, John Henry "Jack" and PROVENCE, Harry Mayo

Pryor, Marjorie Boyd

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by James M. SoRelle on 4 occasions from 31 July to 14 August 1984 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1991. 9:00 hours; videotaped; 317 pages; index, 4 pages.

Interview Summary: Marjorie Boyd Pryor was a teacher of the Waco Independent School District; early life and education in Coalgate, Oklahoma; memories of segregation; move to Waco, Texas, in 1935; education at Moore High School (MHS); reflections on Waco during the Depression; education at Wiley College, Marshall, Texas; experiences as a teacher at MHS; status and structure of African-American education in Waco; desegregation of Waco public schools; effect of the Civil Rights movement on high school students; the closing of MHS and establishment of Jefferson-Moore High School (JMHS); use of the open classroom concept at JMHS; perceived changes within the African-American community between the 1930s and 1980s; the significance of prominent African-American leaders in Waco. See also *Memoirs in Progress*

Radford, Garry Hamilton

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Gary W. Hull on 7 occasions from 20 July to 8 September 1979 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1980. 13:45 hours; videotaped; 546 pages; index, 14 pages.

Appendix 1: Reprint of discussion of the black franchise in Texas from Garland A. Smith, ed., *Black Texans of Distinction* (Austin: Garland A. Smith and Associates, 1973). Appendix 11: Reprint of article on Isaac Austin, Jr., from the *Houston Chronicle*. A portion of interview number 3 is administratively sealed until 16 November 2005.

Interview Summary: G. H. Radford was a dentist and the first black city councilman in Waco; birth; family history; early education, Kaufman and Fort Worth, Texas; education, Wiley College; treatment of blacks in Marshall; dental education Meharry Medical School; establishment of dental practice, Marlin, Texas, marriage; effects of Great Depression on Marlin and dental practice presidency, Lone Star Medical and Dental Association- division of black community in Marlin; children; organization of Negro Youth Association; civil rights in Marlin; establishment of dental practice, Mexia, Texas; move to Waco; economic conditions in Waco, World War II; purchase of cab company; personal health; treatment of black doctors and dentists in Waco ownership of barber and tailoring schools; 1953 Waco tornado; work with Boy Scouts; segregation in Waco during 1940s; election to Waco city council; membership, National Association for the Advancement of Colored People black churches in Waco; membership, New Hope Baptist Church; integration of Waco schools; 1960s civil-rights movement in Waco attitudes towards socialized medicine; his children's education; city council meetings; decision to run for city council; service on city council; recollection of various prominent Wacoans; politics in Waco; reelection to city council; black Baptist associations; criticism received as city councilman; inner workings and conflict of Waco city council; establishment of Doris Miller Cemetery, Waco; service as Waco mayor pro-tem; influence of Economic Opportunities Advancement Corporation; extensive family history; early interest in politics; efforts to rename Elm Street as Martin Luther King Dr.; trustee, Paul Quinn College; extensive discussion on various black churches in Waco.

Randle, Annie Keeling

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Rebecca Sharpless Jimenez on 19 April 1983 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1984. 1:15 hours; 34 pages.

Interview Summary: Annie Keeling Randle was a Waco resident relocated in the Dewey project during urban renewal; recollections of Waco in 1920s; education, Central Texas College, Waco; favorite plays and poetry; recollections of New Hope Baptist Church and J. Newton Jenkins; father's voting practices, education, Baylor University, 1930s; teaching career, Waco; various residences; first knowledge of urban renewal plans; selling house and finding new one; move into predominantly white neighborhood; recollections of Jules Bledsoe and Eubie Blake.

Smith, Glen

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: A series of interviews conducted by Jay M. Butler from July 26 to August 28 1990 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1994. Interviewed on 7 August 1990. 45 minutes; 30 pages.

Interview Summary: In late June 1990, the board of trustees of Paul Quinn College (PQC): founded in 1872 in Austin, Texas, and located since 1881 in Waco, Texas: announced a unanimous decision to relocate the college to the former Bishop College campus in Dallas, Texas. In October 1990, PQC opened in Dallas with a full slate of classes. Jay M. Butler conducted fifteen interviews with PQC administrators, faculty, and students during the brief interval between the official announcement of the move and the move itself. Thirteen of these interviews comprise the oral memoirs, which focus on the significance of the move of the college from Waco to Dallas and related topics. Glen Smith was public relations director at PQC; family; employment history; meaning of move to Dallas; cooperative programs with other universities; facilities in Dallas; preparations to open in Dallas; potential students; Comer Cottrell; monetary

impact of PQC on Dallas area; typical day; Waco's support of PQC; Waco college con-sortium; student and faculty feelings about move to Dallas; contributions to PQC in Dallas; possibility of a football team; commitment of students and faculty; military service; PQC's family atmosphere; importance of black colleges; PQC's focus on the first generation to attend college; racial composition of student body; alumni association; restructuring the board of trustees; PQC's continued relationship with AME church.

Smith, Harriet Caufield

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Thomas L. Charlton on 22 November 1977 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1979. 1:50 hours; 59 pages.

Interview Summary: Harriet Caufield Smith was a turn-of-the-century Waco resident, and member, New Hope Baptist Church (NHBC); birth; family history; childhood and early education, Robinsonville [Robinson], Texas; religious upbringing; move to Waco to attend Moore High School; life with her aunt and uncle; recollections of NHBC and J. Newton Jenkins; NHBC choir; recollections of George Conner; influenza epidemic of 1918; teacher training, summer normal school and Paul Quinn College; recollections of Mattie Conner and Jeffie O. Allen; first teaching job, Stamford, Texas; education, Paul Quinn College; teaching, Santa Anna, Texas; effects of Great Depression on Santa Anna school; marriage; employment, Universal Life Insurance Company, San Angelo.

Smith, Sidney, Jr.

Project: Religion and Culture Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Barry Hankins on 12 June 2000 in Jacksonville, Florida. Deposited 2003. 1:00 hours; 17 pages.

Interview Summary: Sidney Smith, Jr., was director of the African American Ministries Division for the Florida Baptist Convention; admission by mistake to the segregated University of Corpus Christi; seminary study at Golden Gate Baptist Theological Seminary; college experiences as a member of the Baptist Student Union; work as director of the Southern Baptist Cooperative Christian Ministries program and on the staff of the Baptist Sunday School Board; views on the success of the Southern Baptist church among African Americans; views on significance of the 1995 race reconciliation statement of the Southern Baptist Convention; assessment of the relationship between National Baptists and Southern Baptists among African Americans; success of church planting efforts among African Americans by the Southern Baptist church in Florida; relationship of African American Southern Baptists to political conservatism of Southern Baptist leaders; assessment of the accomplishments of Emmanuel L. McCall, Sr.; views concerning the current state of social progress for African Americans; current role of African Americans in Southern Baptist churches, seminaries, and Convention leadership.

Spencer, Ralph, Jr.

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: A series of interviews conducted by Jay M. Butler from July 26 to August 28 1990 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1994. Interviewed on 13 August 1990. 50 minutes; 33 pages.

Interview Summary: In late June 1990, the board of trustees of Paul Quinn College (PQC): founded in 1872 in Austin, Texas, and located since 1881 in Waco, Texas: announced a unanimous decision to relocate the college to the former Bishop College campus in Dallas,

Texas. In October 1990, PQC opened in Dallas with a full slate of classes. Jay M. Butler conducted fifteen interviews with PQC administrators, faculty, and students during the brief interval between the official announcement of the move and the move itself. Thirteen of these interviews comprise the oral memoirs, which focus on the significance of the move of the college from Waco to Dallas and related topics. Ralph Spencer, Jr., was a recent PQC graduate employed as a recruiter for the college; family; education; recruiting and other activities while a student; academic and social benefits of PQC; significant instructors; duties as PQC sports information director; changes in recruiting office; knowledge of PQC in Texas and U.S.; recruiting out-of-state students; recruiting priorities; student feelings about move; support in Dallas; PQC's enrollment; physical facilities; importance of PQC to Waco; response of Dallas; Comer Cottrell; AME affiliation; PQC's relationship with Waco's young African Americans; inattention of local media and businesses to PQC; hopes for PQC's future.

Stafford, Bessie Lee Barrens

Project: Family Life and Community History Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Rebecca Sharpless on 7 May 1987 in Waco, Texas.

Deposited 2000. 45 minutes; 25 pages.

Interview Summary: Bessie Lee Barrens Stafford grew up in Gatesville, Texas, and was a descendent of the founders of the African-American community of Lincolnvile, located near Gatesville, Texas; birth; parents; grandparents; siblings; extended family; Bethlehem Baptist Church, Gatesville, Texas; Sweet Home Baptist Church, Gatesville, Texas; attending church services; Methodist church in Gatesville, Texas; Lou Mayberry; cousins; education; teaching career; marriage; children; importance of maintaining family contacts.

Valentine, Foy Dan

Project: Texas Baptist Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Thomas L. Charlton, Daniel B. McGee, and Susie Valentine on 7 occasions from 22 April 1975 to 8 March 1980. Locations of the interviews were Waco and Fort Worth, Texas, and Nashville, Tennessee. Deposited 1990. 8:45 hours; 242 pages; index, 10 pages.

Interview Summary: Foy D. Valentine was executive secretary of the Christian Life Commission (CLC) for both the Baptist General Convention of Texas (BGCT) and Southern Baptist Convention (SBC); family background; childhood in East Texas; life during Great Depression; conversion experience; call to ministry; race relations, 1930s; education, Baylor University (BU), Waco, Texas; Seventh & James Baptist Church under William W. Melton; recollections of A. J. Armstrong; activities in BU drama department; student pastorates; ordination; effect of World War II on BU; experiences with Clarence Jordan at Koinonia Farm, Americus, Georgia; education, Southwestern Baptist Theological Seminary, Fort Worth, Texas; Baptist student work in Texas; marriage; employment, Union Baptist Association, Houston, Texas; pastorate, First Baptist Church, Gonzales, Texas; election to executive committee, BGCT; selection as executive secretary of CLC/BGCT; activities of CLC/BGCT; CLC/BGCT publications; race relations in Texas, 1950s; Texas Baptist leadership; Landmarkism; move to executive secretary of CLC/SBC; role of CLC/SBC; denominational perceptions of CLC/SBC; history and budget of CLC/SBC; CLC/SBC fund raising; frustrations of denominational service; racial prejudice in SBC; opposition to CLC/SBC; establishment of state convention-run CLC's; growth of CLC/SBC staff and budget; CLC/SBC publications and activities; separation of church

and state; CLC/SBC's relationship with federal government and other SBC boards and agencies; SBC and Vietnam War; Valentine's publications; CLC/SBC and world hunger; CLC/SBC staff; SBC attempts to dissolve CLC/SBC; fundamentalist element within SBC; SBC social activism; 1940s Student-led Revival Movement and comparison with Jesus People movement. See also *Memoirs in Progress*

Walker, Sandra B.

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: A series of interviews conducted by Jay M. Butler from July 26 to August 28 1990 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1994. Interviewed on 13 August 1990. 40 minutes; 23 pages.

Interview Summary: In late June 1990, the board of trustees of Paul Quinn College (PQC): founded in 1872 in Austin, Texas, and located since 1881 in Waco, Texas: announced a unanimous decision to relocate the college to the former Bishop College campus in Dallas, Texas. In October 1990, PQC opened in Dallas with a full slate of classes. Jay M. Butler conducted fifteen interviews with PQC administrators, faculty, and students during the brief interval between the official announcement of the move and the move itself. Thirteen of these interviews comprise the oral memoirs, which focus on the significance of the move of the college from Waco to Dallas and related topics. Sandra B. Walker was a senior elementary education major at PQC; work-study job; biographical information; own and other students' feelings about move; PQC's professors and staff; playing basketball at PQC; importance of a black college; Waco's support of PQC; Comer Cottrell; student-teaching and job possibilities in Dallas; Curtis Wilburn; physical facilities; effect of move on campus Greek organizations; possibility of a football team; current competitive sports at PQC; life as a student-athlete.

Walker, T. Vaughn

Project: Religion and Culture Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Barry Hankins on 11 August 1999 in Louisville, Kentucky. Deposited 2003. 1:20 hours; 22 pages.

Interview Summary: T. Vaughn Walker was chairman of the Department of Black Church Studies at Southern Baptist Theological Seminary and pastor of First Gethsemane Baptist Church in Louisville, Kentucky; childhood in rural Virginia; education at Hampton University and Eastern Illinois University; experience as a public school teacher and coach in Virginia; Ph.D. studies at Oregon State University in field of sports psychology; experience on faculty of University of Missouri-Columbia, 1979-1984; move to Southern Baptist Theological Seminary in 1984 to pursue a master of divinity degree in Christian education; work with Anne Davis to develop black church studies courses for the Carver School of Christian Social Work; call to become pastor of First Gethsemane Baptist Church; move to the School of Theology under David Dockery in about 1993; development of Southern Seminary's Department of Black Church Studies and of a doctor of ministry degree program in black church leadership; views on importance of being able to continue serving as pastor while maintaining faculty position at seminary; granting of tenure under seminary president Al Mohler; views on issue of women in Baptist ministry and communication of those views under President Mohler's conservative administration; views on effect of Mohler's conservatism on black and women students at seminary; assessment of relationship between the National Baptist Convention and the Southern Baptist Convention; views on Southern Baptist Convention's 1995 resolution on racial reconciliation; views on policy of affirmative action; assessment of progress towards racial

equality and diversity in the Southern Baptist Convention; views on role of African Americans in Southern Baptist life; views on Al Mohler's personal leadership style; account of personal reaction to the controversy over the dissolution of the Carver School of Christian Social Work.

Washington, Maggie Langham

Project: History of Education Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Doni Van Ryswyk on 10 March, 18 April, and 19 May 1988 and by Marla Luffer on 7 March, 9 March, and 13 March 1989 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1994. 6:50 hours; 198 pages; index, 4 pages.

Interview Summary: Maggie Langham Washington was the first African-American public school teacher at Crockett school in Midland, Texas, under court-ordered desegregation in 1968; childhood on farm near Richland, Texas; father's call to preach and various American Methodist Episcopal pastorates in Texas; family background; move to Waco; father as student, mother as laundress at Paul Quinn College (PQC), Waco; educational and social experiences at South Waco and East Waco schools and at A. J. Moore High School; Waco during Great Depression; segregation in Waco in 1920s; move to Terrell, Texas; education, Terrell High School and PQC; various jobs as young adult in Texas and Chicago, Illinois; librarian at PQC; enlistment in Women's Army Auxiliary Corps; segregation in army; overseas assignments in Germany; move to Midland, Texas; teaching in Midland schools; merit award for excellence in teaching; innovative teaching methods; experiences as first African-American teacher to teach in formerly all-white Crockett school in Midland; attitudes of other faculty, staff, students, and parents toward integration; president, Midland city teachers organization; teacher-parent relationships; principal-teacher relationships; reactions to evidence of child abuse among pupils; retirement from Midland schools; substitute and remedial teaching, Dallas; open classroom concept; retirement.

Watson, Fannie Belle

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Vivienne Malone-Mayes on 31 July 1990 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 2002. 2:10 hours; 74 pages.

Interview Summary: Fannie Belle Watson was the daughter of Minnis and Hallie Watson, business owners on Bridge Street in Waco, Texas; Minnis Watson's purchase of two-story commercial building on Bridge Street; tenants in Minnis Watson's building; café and poolroom of Minnis Watson; early twentieth-century businesses on Bridge Street; fraternal organizations in Waco; impact of the Great Depression on Bridge Street; family background; education at Central Texas College, Waco; impact of the 1953 tornado on Bridge Street; businesses on the Square in Waco; African-American physicians in Waco; African-American churches in Waco; impact of WWII on Waco; Minnis Watson and John Bashara's gambling club on Franklin Street in Waco.

Weber, Jaroy

Project: Texas Baptist Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Estelle Owens on 8 occasions from 3 November 1976 to 12 October 1977 in Lubbock, Texas. Deposited 2001. 8:35 hours; 193 pages; index, 2 pages.

Interview Summary: Jaroy Weber was pastor of the First Baptist Church of Lubbock, Texas, and president of the Southern Baptist Convention (SBC) from 1974 through 1976; family background; parents; memories of the Great Depression; education at Acadia Baptist Academy,

Eunice, Louisiana; conversion experience; early pastorates; education at Lamar Junior College, Beaumont, Texas; pastor, Little Cypress Baptist Church; pastor, North Orange Baptist Church, Orange, Texas; marriage to Nettie Walthon; difficulties in obtaining education; pastor, First Baptist Church, West Monroe, Louisiana; attendance at Southwestern Baptist Theological Seminary, Fort Worth, Texas; attendance at Louisiana Baptist College, Pineville, Louisiana; purpose of the church; televising church service; work for the Louisiana Baptist Convention; pastor, First Baptist Church, Beaumont, Texas; integration of Baptist churches; pastor, Dauphin Way Baptist Church, Mobile, Alabama; pastor, First Baptist Church, Lubbock, Texas; Second Baptist Church, Lubbock Texas; ordination of women; election to presidency of the SBC, 1974; views of Dr. Adrian Rogers; views on the Baptist Faith and Message; duties of president of the SBC; goals as president of SBC; Christian Life Commission; charismatic movement; travels as president of the SBC; Billy Graham; 1976 meeting of the SBC in Norfolk, Virginia; views on homosexuality; Man as a Course of Study (MACOS) controversy; work with the Baptist World Alliance; health problems; support of First Baptist Church, Lubbock, Texas.

Westbrook, John Hill

Project: Baylor University Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by Thomas L. Charlton and Rufus B. Spain on 9 October and 26 October 1972 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1974. 3:25 hours; 120 pages; index, 2 pages.

Interview Summary: John Westbrook was the first black varsity football player at Baylor University and in the Southwest Conference; birth; family history; family's educational background; early childhood; education, Booker T. Washington Elementary School, Marlin, Texas; influence of his father; father's pastorate, Marlin; call to ministry; activities in high school, Elgin, Texas; vice presidency, State Baptist Youth Convention; presidency, Central Texas District Association of Student Councils; decision to attend Baylor; impressions of and racial atmosphere at Baylor; experiences on the freshman football team; earning an athletic scholarship; recollections of Catfish Smith and John Bridgers; racial attitudes of coaches; recollections of Pete McCulley; playing varsity football at Baylor; better recognition and treatment as a scholarship athlete; Baylor faculty; Baylor's religion department.

Wilburn, Curtis L.

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: A series of interviews conducted by Jay M. Butler from July 26 to August 28 1990 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1994. Interviewed on 30 July 1990. 50 minutes; 35 pages.

Interview Summary: In late June 1990, the board of trustees of Paul Quinn College (PQC): founded in 1872 in Austin, Texas, and located since 1881 in Waco, Texas: announced a unanimous decision to relocate the college to the former Bishop College campus in Dallas, Texas. In October 1990, PQC opened in Dallas with a full slate of classes. Jay M. Butler conducted fifteen interviews with PQC administrators, faculty, and students during the brief interval between the official announcement of the move and the move itself. Thirteen of these interviews comprise the oral memoirs, which focus on the significance of the move of the college from Waco to Dallas and related topics. Curtis L. Wilburn was a history instructor at PQC, a PQC graduate, and a Waco native; education; family; PQC in the 1940s; employment history; enthusiasm of students for history; PQC library holdings; typical teaching load; enrollments in African-American history courses; feelings about the move; football at PQC in Dallas; Waco and Baylor's support of PQC; student feelings about move; differences in cultural values of students;

experiences with racism in Waco; moving to Dallas; anticipated enrollments in Dallas; capacity of old Bishop campus; religious background; AME in the South. See also Memoirs in Progress

Wilburn, Curtis Lee

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: Interviewed by James M. SoRelle and Bettie Beard on 5 occasions from 27 October 1985 to 20 August 1986 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1997. 9:15 hours; videotaped; 227 pages; index, 2 pages.

Interview Summary: Mr. Curtis Lee Wilburn was a Waco native and teacher in the Waco Independent School District both before and after integration; birth and childhood in Gholson Community, Texas; extended family; slavery; Waco, Texas, in the 1920s and '30s; farm life; elementary school; differences between white schools and African-American schools; attending A. J. Moore High School, Waco, Texas; religion and church-going in Gholson, Texas; race relations in McLennan County in the 1920s and '30s; A. J. Moore High School; black businesses, professionals, fraternal organizations, and churches in Waco; segregation in Waco; values of people in Gholson; Paul Quinn College, Waco, Texas; Waco in the 1940s; teaching position in Bonham, Texas; teaching position at A. J. Moore H.S.; teaching philosophy and discipline style; students today versus students forty years ago; female athletics; athletic eligibility requirements; integration of Waco schools; graduate studies at University of Minnesota; athletics at Waco schools; African-American community in Waco.

Yancy, J. W., II

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: A series of interviews conducted by Jay M. Butler from July 26 to August 28 1990 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1994. Interviewed on 21 August 1990 at Waco, Texas. 1:00 hour; 35 pages.

Interview Summary: In late June 1990, the board of trustees of Paul Quinn College (PQC): founded in 1872 in Austin, Texas, and located since 1881 in Waco, Texas: announced a unanimous decision to relocate the college to the former Bishop College campus in Dallas, Texas. In October 1990, PQC opened in Dallas with a full slate of classes. Jay M. Butler conducted fifteen interviews with PQC administrators, faculty, and students during the brief interval between the official announcement of the move and the move itself. Thirteen of these interviews comprise the oral memoirs, which focus on the significance of the move of the college from Waco to Dallas and related topics. J. W. Yancy, II, was president of PQC, 1939-42; family; religion; African-American community class structure; education; relationship between segregation and class structure; education; role in setting up extension school through Prairie View A&M at PQC Junior College; influence of W. R. Banks; appointment to presidency; Waco's social structure in late 1930s; white Waco's support of PQC; past PQC presidents; salaries of African Americans in teaching; faculty and staff during his administration; AME laypersons' concerns about the move; accuracy of projected enrollments; future of Waco campus; reasons against starting a graduate extension program; history of previous graduate extension program; history of AME education; chronology of bishops.

Zamanian, Mostafa

Project: Waco and McLennan County Project

Interview Details: A series of interviews conducted by Jay M. Butler from July 26 to August 28 1990 in Waco, Texas. Deposited 1994. Interviewed on 10 August 1990. 45 minutes; 25 pages.

Interview Summary: In late June 1990, the board of trustees of Paul Quinn College (PQC): founded in 1872 in Austin, Texas, and located since 1881 in Waco, Texas: announced a unanimous decision to relocate the college to the former Bishop College campus in Dallas, Texas. In October 1990, PQC opened in Dallas with a full slate of classes. Jay M. Butler conducted fifteen interviews with PQC administrators, faculty, and students during the brief interval between the official announcement of the move and the move itself. Thirteen of these interviews comprise the oral memoirs, which focus on the significance of the move of the college from Waco to Dallas and related topics. Mostafa Zamanian was an instructor of education and developmental English at PQC; family; education; Iranian school system; mastering English; finding a job in the U.S.; similarities in experience with African-American students; satisfactions of teaching at PQC; typical day; methods of oppression; building students' self-esteem; benefits of move for PQC; student and faculty feelings about move; policy issues at PQC; Waco's and Baylor's support of PQC; role of family in valuing education among African Americans; physical facilities.

Fort Worth Museum of Science and History

1501 Montgomery St., Fort Worth 76107, 817-255-9300

<http://www.fwmuseum.org/>

Oral Histories – made through a partnership with Community Cable Television in 1997.

1. Dr. Marion Brooks

African American physician and civic leader whose family has lived in Fort Worth since the 1880's. (OH-11 7/9/1997). Formats-1 Beta-cam, 1 U-matic 2 VHS copies, Transcription.

2. Rudy Eastman

African American founder and Executive Director of Jubilee Theater in Fort Worth. Taught school in FWISD for 20 years. Community memories. (OH-12, 7/9/1997). Formats - on tapes with OH-11, Transcription.

3. Lenora Rolla

African American family history. Founder of Tarrant County Black Historical and Genealogical Society. (OH- 13, 7/9/1997) Formats- 1 Beta-cam, 1 U-matic, 2 copies on VHS, transcription. Also one VHS tape and transcription of an earlier Oral History 4-22-1992.

4. Frank Moss

African American family history. Native of Stop Six neighborhood now a part of Fort Worth. Businessman and then current president of Tarrant County Historical and Genealogical Society. (OH-14, 7/9/1997) Formats- on tapes with OH-13, transcription.

5. Vada Johnson

African American, retired school teacher who was the first black teacher in the Hurst Euless Bedford ISD. Descendent of Robert and Delsie Johnson, freed slaves who founded the Mosier Valley Community in 1872. (OH-15, 7/16/1997) formats- 1 Beta-cam, 1 U-matic, 2 copies on VHS, transcription.

6. Augie N'Kele

Sculpture. Native of Zaire (Congo) who has sculpted over 200 pieces in his series "Forgotten Heritage" representing Africa before slavery, the Middle Passage, and the Americas. He came to the Fort Worth area in 1982. His wire sculptures have been exhibited at the museum. (OH-16, 7/16/1997) Formats- on tapes with OH-15, transcription.

7. Sonia Williams-Barbers

African American, Fort Worth Native and owner of the Black Bookworm store. Memories of growing up in Fort Worth. She wanted to have a bookstore since she was four years old. (OH-17, 7/16/1997) Formats- 1-U-matic, 1 Beta-cam, No transcription, 2 copies on VHS.

8. Dionee Bagsby

Tarrant County Commissioner and businesswoman, former school teacher and speech/language specialist. African American who moved to Fort Worth in 1968. Community Memories (OH-18, 7/21/1997) Formats- on tapes with OH -17 no transcription)

9. Viola Pitts

African American who came to Fort Worth in 1941. Moved into Como neighborhood. Worked as a domestic employee in many homes in Ridglea. Upon her retirement became very active in civic affairs especially in the Como area. Known as the "Mayor of Lake Como". (OH-19, 7/23/1997) Formats- 1 U-matic, 1 Beta-cam , 2 VHS copies no transcription).

10. Rev. Dr. B.L. McCormick

African American, Pastor of Baker Chapel A.M.E. Church. Active in community affairs. Came to Fort Worth 1970's. (OH-20, 7/23/1997) Formats: On tapes with OH-19, no transcription)

National Archives and Records Administration's Southwest Region (Fort Worth)

<http://www.archives.gov/southwest/index.html>

Historical Research

Original records

NARA's Southwest Region in Fort Worth has more than 84,000 cubic feet of archival holdings dating from 1806 to the 1980s, including textual documents, photographs, and maps. These archival holdings were created or received by the Federal courts and 85 Federal agencies in Arkansas, Oklahoma, Louisiana, and Texas. Federal law requires that agencies transfer permanently valuable, noncurrent records to NARA.

Among the subjects covered are regional and national history from the early 1800s with emphasis on westward expansion to the Southwest and the settlement of Native Americans

(particularly Cherokees, Choctaws, Chickasaws, Creeks, and Seminoles) in Indian Territory; the Civil War, **slavery**, Chinese exclusion, repatriation, **segregation**, World Wars I and II, economic development, oil, and the space program. Historic names and topics include Jackson Burnett, Bonnie and Clyde, the *Blue Angels*, the Dalton Gang, Wyatt Earp, Billie Sol Estes, Henry O. Flipper, the Green Corn Rebellion, O. Henry, Andrew Jackson, *Machine Gun Kelly*, Jean Lafitte, Madalynn Murray O'Hair, Isaac Parker, Belle Starr, and the Texas City disaster.

Archival holdings are arranged by record group (abbreviated RG), a body of records from an agency or bureau, identified by an RG number. Selected finding aids, including a comprehensive guide to the archival holdings, are available by mail and online.

Microfilmed records

In addition to unique original records, the Fort Worth facility has extensive holdings of National Archives microfilm publications. These publications reproduce basic documentation for the study of history, economics, public administration, political science, law, ethnology, genealogy, and other subjects. Included are records relating to U.S. diplomacy, the Revolutionary War, the Civil War and Reconstruction, Native American-Government relations, westward expansion, and World War II.

Navarro College

3200 W. 7th Ave., Corsicana 75110, (903) 875-7442

Pearce Civil War Collection

<http://www.navarrocollege.edu/library/civilwar/index.htm>

searchable

Southern Baptist Historical Library & Archives

<http://www.sbhla.org/>

901 Commerce Street, Nashville, Tennessee

Collection of papers, 1955-1988.

Author(s): Maston, T. B. 1897- (Thomas Buford)

Year: 1955-1988

Description: .5 linear ft.

Abstract: Articles written by Maston on Christian ethics, social ethics, race relations, and desegregation; and biographical information on Maston.

Note(s): Bio/History: Professor of Christian ethics, Southwestern Baptist Theological Seminary, Fort Worth, Tex., and pioneer in the racial desegregation movement among Southern Baptists; d. 1988.

African American Resources on Microfilm

http://www.sbhla.org/mf_african_american.asp

A wide variety of materials such as periodicals, annuals, church records, books, pamphlets, and archival material related to African American Baptists are available from the Southern Baptist

Historical Library and Archives on microfilm. African American resources are searchable by author or by title and are available for purchase.

Dissertations

The Conners of Waco: Black Professionals in Twentieth Century Texas (Conner Family, Civil Rights)

Author Spurlin, Virginia Lee
Degree PhD
School Texas Tech University
Date 1991

George Sherman Conner was born in 1864 in Tennessee to free black parents. Because of their encouragement and economic assistance, he received an education to become a teacher. He taught and served as a principal in the black public schools in Paris, Texas. While living there, George married Mattie Jackson, also a teacher. With her support, he left the teaching profession to attend Flint Medical School in New Orleans. After obtaining his degree, he established his medical practice in the minority community of Waco, Texas. Mattie died in 1922 and the following year George married Jeffie Obrea Allen. Jeffie had been born in 1895 to middle class parents in Harrison, Texas. Because of their educational background and financial status, they provided Jeffie with an education. She attended Mary Allen Seminary in Crockett and graduated from Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College. After teaching for several years, she accepted a position as a home demonstration agent. When she received a promotion as a supervisor of agents for seventeen East Texas counties, she began a career involving extensive travel. During Jeffie's absences from home, George wrote her approximately three hundred letters. That correspondence has been used to develop an understanding of social, political, religious, and economic activities in the black community of Waco in the 1920s and 1930s. After George's death, Jeffie continued her career until her retirement in 1946. She returned to work in 1948 when she became supervisor of black schools in McLennan County, a position held until 1957. In 1966 John Connally appointed her to the Governor's Committee on Public School Education. A local civil rights activist and a member of the NAACP, she became an advocate for job and school desegregation until her death in 1972. Both George and Jeffie served as leaders for the advancement of their black community through membership in their church and fraternal orders. Their professional careers offer a case study of the growth and activities of the black middle class in the early decades of the twentieth century in Texas.

The History of Higher Education for Black Texans, 1872-1977

Author Williams, David Alvernon
Degree EDD
School Baylor University
Date 1978

The Negro Excision from Baptist Churches in Texas (1861-1870)

Author Stripling, Paul Wayne
Degree PhD
School Southwestern Baptist Theological Seminary
Date 1968